

www.chapmanleonard.com grip@chapmanleonard.com

RISK ASSESSMENT 73' HYDRASCOPE





CONTENTS

Page 1: Introduction

Page 2: Crane Specifications

Page 3-4: Risks and Procedures

Any queries in regards to this Risk Assessment, please contact:

Becca Day: 07731752391 (Becca@chapmanleonard.com)

Dennis Fraser: 07711983298 (Dennis@chapmanleonard.com)

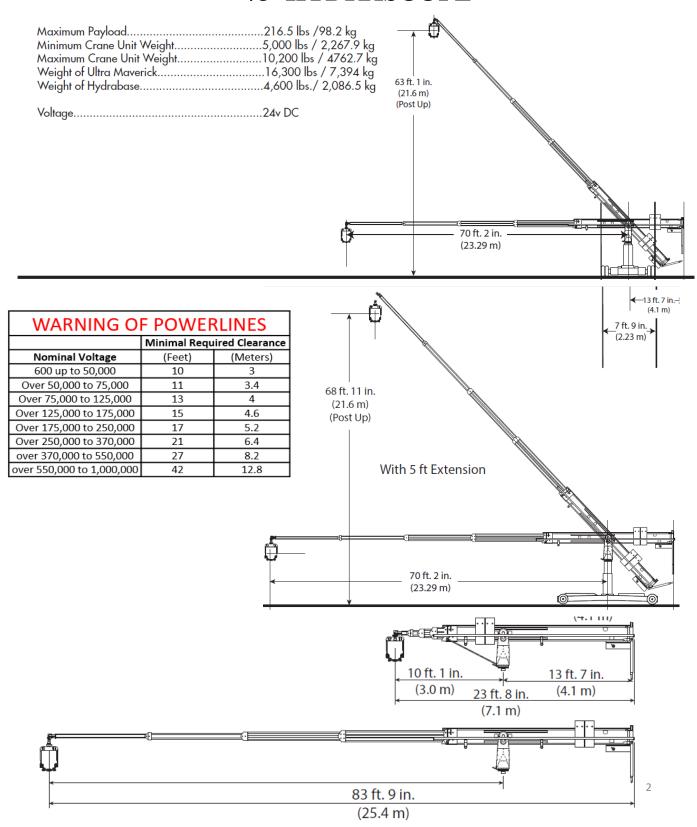
Chapman Office Contact: 01727 838 424

Date: 02/03/19



www.chapmanleonard.com grip@chapmanleonard.com

Crane Specifications 73' HYDRASCOPE





www.chapmanleonard.com grip@chapmanleonard.com

RISK:		L : Low Risk	M : Medium Risk	H : Hi	gh Risk	
HAZARD	RISK LEVEL	POTENTIAL RISKS	PREVENTATIVE MEA	ASURES	NEW RISK L	EVEL
Crane bases are mobile	Н	Care to be taken to prevent losing control of the crane	When base is being moved, it must be sufficiently crewed. When the base is stationary (i.e. once in position or being left overnight) it should be jacked or chocked so it is secured		M	
Lifting the Crane and Base using lifting equipment. (i.e. Lee lifting crane, Manitou or Fork Lift)	Н	Incorrect lifting of the crane may cause the crane arm to tip and fall from a height	Strict procedure set technicians must be and the correct suppl equipment must be a crane arm must never unless balance	followed ied lifting ised. The be lifted	M	
Tracking with the crane and using the crane on track	Н	Tracking at speed will cause stress and strain to the crane arm	Care must be taker tracking with crane a must be aware of the When on track, the tra must be securely at	nd Grips G force. ck wheels	M	
Extreme weather conditions such as high winds and/or thunder and lightning	Н	High winds could cause loss of control of the arm or even the crane to tip over. Lightning strikes on the crane could cause serious injury	Adverse weather cond mean the crane is too to operate and it m lowered and racked i too strong or on the thunder and light	dangerous oust be f wind is esign of	M	
Operating the crane near overhead power (electricity) lines	M	Electrocution from power lines poses a high risk of injury	The minimum distant power lines to crane stated voltages me observed (table on	for the ust be	L	
Personal injury whilst lifting and handling heavy crane components (e.g. crane weights)	M	Risk to technicians and CREW	Care must be taken who heavy crane compo	_	L	
Operation of crane and telescopic arm	M	Extending or retracting arm can be high speed (up to 2.2 m/s)	Technicians and Grips vigilant and ensure the the crane and telesco being operated the wa	nat while pic arm is	L	

and it is safe to do so.
CAST/CREW should not walk
under the crane arm



www.chapmanleonard.com grip@chapmanleonard.com

RISK:	L : Low Risk	M : Medium Risk	H : High Risk
-------	---------------------	------------------------	----------------------

HAZARD	RISK LEVEL	POTENTIAL RISKS	PREVENTATIVE MEASURES	NEW RISK LEVEL			
Operation of crane centre post (column)	M	Raising the column raises the centre of gravity, meaning the crane is less stable	Column only to be operated by trained and experienced crew. The base must never be moved with the column raised and the arm must be racked in before raising and lowering the post. Outriggers can be used to increase the stability of the base	L			
Securing remote head/camera package	L	Equipment falling from a height can cause serious injury	Remote heads must be securely fastened on the crane. Camera packages must be mounted securely and a 'safety' must be attached from camera to remote head before the crane is used	L			
Changing payload	L	May cause crane to be unbalanced.	Changing the payload weight such as removing the camera or reloading the film magazine will cause the crane to be out of balance, therefore the crane technicians / grips must be informed so the crane can be securely locked off or rebalanced	L			
N.B. Additional space is provided here for technicians/grips to add risks as appropriate. Any additional risks must be discussed with 1st AD/Equivalent and health and safety officers.							

IMPORTANT NOTICE: Chapman Leonard UK equipment must not be operated by any personnel who are incapable of doing so safely. Furthermore, anyone under the influence of drugs or alcohol must not use or operate Chapman Leonard UK equipment.